## nationalgrid

## Firefighter do's and dont's



National Grid recommends that firefighters carefully follow the guidelines below when responding to natural gas incidents.

✓ Do	<b>◯</b> Don't
Keep National Grid informed of any developments through the fire department dispatcher.	Don't enter buildings without wearing personal protective equipment and positive pressure SCBA.
Consult with National Grid representatives upon arrival at the incident scene.	Don't allow unnecessary or unauthorized personnel to enter buildings where gas odors are present.
Immediately evacuate per DOT Emergency Response Guide and barricade or rope off the area, rerouting traffic and pedestrians if necessary.	Don't try to extinguish burning gas.
If there is a strong gas odor, evacuate buildings and leave them closed.	Don't operate any gas valves, other than the service shut-off valve before the meter, or appliance piping valves.
<ul> <li>Instruct occupants not to turn any electrical equipment on or off. This includes lights, switches, motors, circuit breakers and any battery-powered devices.</li> </ul>	Don't open any gas valve that has been shut off.
<ul> <li>Call the fire department dispatcher if the situation warrants a discontinuation of electric service to a building.</li> </ul>	Don't pull any electric meters or attempt to disconnect the overhead electric service. Leave this to National Grid personnel.
Check other buildings in the surrounding area for the presence of gas.	<ul> <li>If there is a street leak, don't park vehicles nearby with the engine running.</li> </ul>
Evacuate buildings and eliminate any possible ignition sources before attempting to ventilate.	Don't park in front of buildings where a gas leak is suspected.
	Do not park directly over manhole covers or near storm sewer grates.
	Don't ventilate a building without first coordinating with National Grid and verifying gas has been shut off and ignition sources have been eliminated.